

Mr. Dole, from the Select Committee appointed upon the items in the Appropriation Bill for the police forces on the several islands, submitted a lengthy report in writing, fixing the number and compensation of the police for the several islands.

Mr. Dole, from the Judiciary Committee, to which was referred Mr. Palohau's bill to provide for the recovery of stolen property, reported the same back, and recommended that it be laid on the table. Agreed to.

Also, on the Attorney-General's bill for the protection of creditors in cases of insolvency, which requires a keeping of all book accounts in either English or Hawaiian. Laid on table.

Mr. Nakaleka offered a resolution instructing Marshal Parke and the Attorney-General to regulate Officer McKeagus of the Police Station House, who was subject to regulation upon the following charges: 1st, that he had insulted a Hawaiian lady by telling her that she was like a mule. 2d, that he had advised a prisoner just before his trial that if he was convicted he could take an appeal. Referred to the Attorney-General. At noon a recess was taken till 1 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON.

On re-assembling, the consideration of the Appropriation Bill was resumed in Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cleghorn in the chair.

Speaking on Section 6, relating to tenders, Mr. Dole said, as the Minister of the Interior may not possibly remain in office for the next two years, his successor may not think, or will not act as he has done. Certainly his predecessor did not. He cannot imagine any objection to the amendment, and he hoped it would pass. He enumerated instances where, during the past two years, much larger amounts had been paid than would have been had public tenders been asked for. This Government building (Aliiolani Hale) was built under the personal superintendence of Mr. Stirling, and is the cheapest structure ever put up for the Government.

Section 6 was numbered Section 7, and passed.

Report on Forestry, &c., was then taken up.

Mr. Dole moved that the first item pass.

Mr. Kaulukou moved it be stricken out. In his opinion, the trees would not suffer much during the next two years for the want of this appropriation.

Mr. Aholo supported the motion to pass the item. Though opposed to the item last year, it passed in spite of his opposition. This year he had visited the nursery and other places where the trees were planted out, and he anticipated much good would result therefrom.

Mr. Bishop said he was as little disposed as anyone to vote money extravagantly; in fact, he did not know where one-half the money that had already been voted was to come from. Still, having started this nursery, it was only proper that it should be kept up. It takes some time to get a plantation of trees underway so as to make any kind of a show. There are various trees being tried at this nursery and on this plantation, and they have been distributed on other places besides the places alluded to. It is known that during Dr. Hillebrand's residence here he introduced many trees and fruits, and now they had a very worthy successor of the doctor in the person of Mr. Jaeger. He has a love for this kind of work, and spends not only his time gratuitously, but also his money. It is a thing that ought to be supported liberally by the Government. Though they were appropriating a great deal more money than they ought to do, still he thought this ought to be granted. He favored the passage of the item.

Mr. W. O. Smith said he remembered when he was a boy there was a continuous forest from Koloa to Lihue, whereas now there is nothing but grass. And so on other parts of the island. He alluded to the beneficial effects that trees have upon agriculture; one of the causes of the large yield of the cane was the introduction of the *kenikeni* cane. He said he would not vote for any sum for the Agricultural Society, but he would vote for this item.

Mr. Bush, Mr. Keau, Mr. Kanamano, and Mr. Baker spoke at length on the subject in the Hawaiian language, which was not interpreted.

Mr. Dole said the estimate of \$12,000 was not guessed at, but made up.

Wages of forester	\$1500
Ten laborers for two years	5100
Movable sheds for catching water	1000
Wages of gardener, two years	1500
Wages of one laborer, two years	510
Tools, boxes, and expenses	2300

He did not think it necessary to add anything to what had already been said; but Mr. Jaeger is spending his time in planting seeds and plants all over the islands. He devotes his time to improving Government property. He has correspondence with all parts of the world in exchanging seeds; also distributing seeds all over the Hawaiian Islands. He has already distributed several thousand trees to the islands and Honolulu—in the squares and Kapiolani Park, and other places. This work he does gratuitously. There are now on the slopes of Makiki 50,000 young trees.

Mr. Kaulukou made a few remarks in a very loud tone of voice.

Mr. Aholo remarked he was speaking so loud he could not hear himself speak.

Mr. Keau moved the ayes and noes be taken. Carried.

Forestry and propagating nurseries

AYES: Gibson, Kapena, Bishop, Dominis, Wilder, Isenberg, Dowsett, Bush, J. Mott Smith, Kanoa, Walker, Martin, Lilikalani, Frank Brown, Amara, Aholo, Richardson, W. O. Smith, Nawahi, Hitchcock, Kaubane, Nahina, Pilipo, Godfrey Brown, Kauna mano, Dole, Rowell, Palohau, Kupihea.

NOES: Kaee, Macfarlane, Kaulukou, Keau, Baker, Kaulia, Kamakele, Gardener, Kaula, Nakaleke.

Kapiolani Park

Thomas Square

Mr. Cleghorn said that he had charge of Thomas Square for the past three years. During that time it had been laid out by a surveyor, water-pipes laid, &c., and at the end of last biennial period it was indebted to him \$507. If he had not carried the work on, everything that had been spent would have been lost. This Square has been lying idle since 1843, when the Hawaiian flag was restored by Admiral Thomas. He furnished other interesting statistics concerning the Square. Four Chinese laborers get \$5 week. There is not a civilized country on the face of earth that spends so little money on squares and parks as this country does. The Government has not a single place that is a credit to it, except perhaps the Queen's Hospital. The first thing that is done by British colonists and others is to lay out parks and squares, all of which redound to the credit of the country, and benefit of the people.

Mr. Smith said he had been past Thomas Square nearly every day for the past three years. The Honorable Noble has done a great deal of gratuitous work, but any one who knows anything about squares, knows there has been a great deal of time wasted in Thomas Square. He agreed with the Honorable Noble about the desirability of public places. He denounced the condition of the Palace grounds, and considered it looked wretched. That place ought to be one of the prettiest places in the Kingdom, but it was the reverse.

Mr. Aholo said that Thomas Square was a historical spot and ought to be kept in order in consequence.

Item passed at \$5000.

Emma Square \$700. Passed.

Aid to the Royal Hawaiian Agricultural Society. \$5000.

Mr. W. O. Smith moved to pass the item at \$1,000.

Mr. Kanealii moved it be struck out.

Mr. Cleghorn said he hoped it would pass. The society was only in its infancy, and good results were expected from it. One thousand dollars for two years would be of no use. He moved it pass at \$4,000.

Mr. Rowell would like to know what this money is used for.

Mr. Widemann said the first year the show alone cost \$1,800. They got back from the sale of lumber \$300. They paid the freight on all animals brought from the other islands. The cost of prizes alone was about \$800 each year.

Passed at \$1,000.

Mr. Dole moved to insert \$500 for Makiki reserve. It is Government property.

Mr. Kanealii said he did not wish to assist in the amusement of other people, and he therefore moved to strike it out.

The motion was voted to be out of order.

In the matter of police salaries, Dr. J. Mott Smith moved the item pass as a whole.

The Attorney-General said he hoped they would not pass it so. He had the honor of not signing the report for several reasons. Honolulu was the worst lit city in the world. Not because the lights were not good, but because there were too few of them. There were just enough to make darkness visible. Fifty, if not seventy-five, more lights are required.

The idea of spreading 102 lights over this city of magnificent distances, and call that lighting the city. It is one of the great wants of this city and ought to be attended to at once. It would be a long time before the city would be illuminated with gas. He would not like to sleep until it is completed. In the meantime something must be provided. If they have street lamp-posts they can be used for gas afterwards. It will take two years to complete the works, and he for one would like to see the city lit in the meantime.

Mr. Dole thought that \$10,000 for lighting the city was sufficient. If there were more economy they might have more lights. It was a common thing to see lamps burning up to seven or eight o'clock in the morning. Under the new section of the Appropriation Bill, providing for tenders, he thought the city could be lighted for much less than it is at present.

Salary of Deputy Marshal. \$250 a month, \$6,000. Passed.

Salary of six police at \$90 a month each, \$12,960.

Mr. Kaulukou moved to divide the payments, starting with one native Captain at \$100 per month.

Mr. Smith moved it pass as recommended in the report.

One native Captain, \$100 a month, passed.

Mr. Kaulukou moved to insert \$100 a month for one foreign Captain. They must

not consider the person who holds the position. They all knew it was Mr. Fehlber who held the position. He had been long in the service, and he hoped the item would pass.

Mr. Rowell moved the item pass at \$90. Item passed at \$100.

Mr. Kaulukou moved the remaining five pass at \$95 per month each.

Mr. Kaee thought that a policeman ought to be a man that is able to move around. As one of the number was unable to do so, he moved he be struck off the roll, and the rest be paid \$80 a month.

Mr. Richardson said he inferred from the resolution passed this morning that the obnoxious man would be dispensed with and a more suitable man put in his place. He was therefore in favor of opposing the item—5 police officers, \$100 a month each. Motion lost.

Item passed, five, \$90 a month each. Two police \$50 a month.

Mr. Kaulukou moved it read \$75 a month each.

Mr. Richardson moved it pass at \$60 month. Carried.

Next item two policemen at \$45 a month each.

Mr. Kaulukou moved it pass at \$50. Carried.

Next item five policeman at \$40 a month each.

Mr. Kaulukou moved it pass at \$45.

Mr. W. O. Smith thought the police were well paid, compared with other natives of a similar class.

Mr. Isenberg deprecated in forcible terms this mode of bringing individual salaries of policemen before the Assembly. It was taking all power out of the hands of the Attorney-General and Marshal. He advocated the former system of passing an aggregate amount and leaving some discretion to the Executive how and to whom the amounts were to be paid.

Item passed at \$40 each.

Committee rose and House adjourned at 5 P. M.

[CONTINUED ON PAGE 7.]

Police Court.

TUESDAY, August 5.

BEFORE POLICE-JUSTICE BICKERTON.

Le Quai, remanded from 1st instant, pleaded not guilty. Remanded for judgment until the 6th instant.

Aromea Jois, remanded from 4th instant, pleaded guilty. Case remanded for judgment until the 6th instant.

Kauliki, remanded from 4th instant, was fined \$6; costs, \$1.

Hana vs Bee Jones, charge of affray: Hana, remanded from 4th instant, pleaded guilty. Remanded until 6th instant.

Daniel Traves, drunkenness (old offender), pleaded guilty. Sentenced to 15 days' imprisonment at hard labor; costs, \$1.

Kealalaina (w), same charge, forfeited bail, \$6.

Ellis Hart vs Hana Meek, charge of affray: Hart pleaded guilty, and was remanded until the 6th instant for judgment; Meek pleaded not guilty, and was discharged.

WEDNESDAY, August 6.

Ellis Hart, remanded from 5th inst., found guilty, and fined \$15; costs, \$1.40.

Le Quai, remanded from 5th inst., found guilty, and fined \$25; costs, \$1.70. Ordered to give a bond in sum of \$100, with good sureties, to keep the peace towards Le Quai for one year. Appeal noted to Supreme Court.

Arasuco Jois, remanded from 5th inst. (old offender) found guilty, and fined \$200; costs, \$2.80. Appeal noted to Supreme Court.

Rex vs Hana and Ben Jones; Hana fined \$5; costs, \$1.

Benj. Jones, remanded until moved on.

Ah Hou, charged with cruelty to animals. The Court viewed the animal and fined Ah Hou \$5; costs \$1. In default of payment, he was given 15 days' imprisonment at hard labor.

Kanio, charged with assault and battery on Ah Chay, plead not guilty, and was remanded and discharged.

Keeki, charged with drunkenness, forfeited bail of \$6.

Ik, remanded from 1st inst., was found guilty of having opium in his possession, and fined \$100 and costs \$3.40 and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for 10 days. Opium confiscated.

Kamalaan, remand from 1st inst., not pros. entered by prosecution.

Sam Kalia, remanded from 28th ult., was fined \$100 and costs \$1; also sentenced to imprisonment at hard for ten days. Opium confiscated.

Kalua, remanded from 28th ult., charged with having opium in his possession, was fined \$50 and \$1 cost and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for ten days. Opium confiscated.

Pokai, remanded from 1st inst., was fined \$50 and cost \$1 and sentenced to ten days' imprisonment at hard labor. Opium confiscated.

Instead of punching holes in coins, currency mutilators now take a shaving from the circumference.

INQUEST.

Before Coroner Dayton and a Jury.

A coroner's inquest in the case of the boy Peter, who was killed by a dray on Monday afternoon, was held on Tuesday. The three foreign members of the jury exonerated the driver, but the Hawaiians differed from them. The driver of the dray, Charles O. Spinney, testified substantially as follows:—

Told the boy he had better get off. When I called to the boy, the horse started with the dray on the down grade on a trot. As I turned the corner on Beretania street, I saw the boy sliding off. When I first saw him, his head was down forward of the rear wheel with his feet up in the air. I pulled the horse up as quickly as I could, and just before the dray stopped I felt the dray go over him. I jumped out as quickly as I could and picked him up. I was so excited that I do not know whether the dray was at a stand-still or not. When I got to the boy he was lying on the ground on his back with his head a little to one side, with his arms spread out. When I picked him up the blood ran out of his head all over me and on the ground.

Mr. F. B. Carpenter, M. D. testified that he first saw the deceased at the Station House at about a quarter to 5 o'clock P. M., with his head propped up on a pillow. There was a large scalp wound on the back of the head, on the right side. There was a wound over the right eye, cutting the skin and tissue beneath completely to the bone, and a minor wound in the left angle of the mouth. One of the incisors of the upper jaw was broken. The boy's heart was beating at that time, but stopped in a few minutes thereafter. The skull was not fractured and the neck was not broken. If they had been, the heart would not have beaten that length of time. From appearances, the wheel of the dray passed over the back of the head, and must have slipped off his head, as the periosteum was stripped in a semi-lunar form. The wounds themselves were not sufficient to cause such immediate death, but the force required to tear the periosteum off in such a manner would be sufficient to cause death from concussion, and this was probably the cause of death. The skull might have been fractured internally, on its surface. The wound could not have been caused by a blow from a person with a stick or other instrument. It must have been by pressure between two opposite substances. This skull was so compressed against the brain that no good result could have come from earlier medical attendance had it been obtained. Such a wound could not have been occasioned by his being dragged by a person from a dray, unless the wheel passed over his head. The simple fall could not have caused such a wound.

The jury failing to agree, three of them rendered the following verdict: "That the deceased came to his death by being run over by the wheel of a dray driven by one Charles O. Spinney, from which he fell, on the 4th day of August, 1884, and that there was no criminal intent or carelessness on the part of said Charles O. Spinney."

DAVID DAYTON, Coroner.

A. C. SMITH,

C. BENT,

A. W. CARTER.

At about midnight the three Hawaiian jurymen agreed upon a verdict substantially like the foregoing, with the exception as interpreted, that the boy's death was occasioned by the carelessness of the driver and that he should be charged with manslaughter unintentionally committed. This is signed by S. Lokai, S. P. Hananaumoe and Kauluku. Coroner Dayton permitted the driver to go on his own recognizance, and yesterday sent up the papers to the Attorney-General.

Madame Cora.

The entertainment given last Tuesday by Madame Cora was well patronized, and amongst the audience there were not a few who welcomed the lady as an old acquaintance. It is nearly thirteen years since Madame Cora performed her magic tricks in Buffum's Hall; and last night she presented a series of beautiful and puzzling feats of skill that showed that she has taken advantage, in her tour around the world since here, to perfect herself in her profession.

Besides many of the old tricks with which all are familiar, and which are, nevertheless, interesting, Madame Cora, entertained the audience with a number of new and wonderful feats of magic, with an exhibition of the trained dog "Beauty," whose performances elicited enthusiastic applause.

A series of beautiful tableaux, with a scene entitled the "Couch of the Angels," closed the performance.

Madame Cora is very skilful and graceful in the display of her wonderful skill, and an evening at the Music Hall, while her performances are going on, will abundantly repay those who seek an agreeable entertainment.

Careful, but curious wife: "How did you get your coat so muddy, Charles?" "Let it fall last night, love." Wife: "But where were you to do such a stupid thing?" Charles: "Where was I? Why—why—inside it, dear."

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements made, or opinions expressed by our correspondents.

MR. EDITOR: I notice that the *Bulletin* of Monday, says it is a "wanton outrage" that Sam Kamohakau should be allowed to act as deputy for the assessor in the district of Makawao, because he is—so the *Bulletin* says—an undisputed, undisputed leper. It is true S. Kamohakau was under treatment at the Branch Hospital, and was, on medical authority, discharged from there. This same man is qualified to act for the assessor, as he has been the assistant of the Makawao assessors for some years, and, to the knowledge of the writer, he has also been the assistant of the tax-collector of the same district for the past four years. The tax-collector for said district for the past four years has been the Hon. Judge Farnander, who will, no doubt, have him again to assist him this year in the collection of taxes for the district of Makawao.

Now, Mr. Editor, I hardly think that the Hon. Judge Farnander would employ an *undisputed* and *undisputed* leper to assist him in his work as collector. No one has a better knowledge of the disease than the Honorable Judge. However, the *Bulletin* delighteth in misrepresenting Government officials.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The statements in the *Hawaiian* in regard to the neglect of the assessment in the outer districts, owing to the alleged fact that a large proportion of representatives on the Government side have been appointed assessors, and have been detained in the House for political reasons, is incorrect and misleading. The facts are seven members and one noble have received appointments as assessors—three of whom, including the noble, are appointed for this island—they have had a full opportunity to take all the preliminary steps toward carrying out a complete assessment, and the five appointed assessors who have remained in the House have fulfilled the law by their having had furnished to taxpayers the proper blanks upon which to make their returns to the assessor during the month of July. By law it is the duty of every taxpayer to make a return of his property during July to the assessor, and a return delivered to an assessor's deputy appointed by the assessor, is just as binding as one delivered to the assessor. The law gives plenty of time to the assessor in which to make up their assessment, as the collections do not take place until November 1st; no taxpayer has any cause to complain if, having made his return in July, he is allowed by the assessor to appeal from his assessment, provided it has been raised from the amount he has returned. Therefore it is idle talk to say "Everyone who in the month of July was not granted an opportunity to make a return of his taxable property, can rightfully refuse to pay any taxes for the year 1884-5, and we shall see this question tested and the property-holders sustained by the Supreme Court before another sixty days are over."

Who is this that pretends to say what the decision of the Supreme Court would be in case of an appeal to it? Has the Chief-Justice or his associates authorized such a statement by the *Hawaiian*?

TAXPAYER.

Through Passengers.

The following is the list of through passengers per S. S. Australia, for San Francisco: W H Oakes, H F Oakes, R Chamberlain, Mrs C James, W H Browning, J A Macpherson, Miss Craven, Miss Jeffress, W E Koch, J E Humphreys, R J Ashley, Lieut Knox, R.N., Lieut Williams, R.N., W Scott, S H Holmes, Mr and Mrs Imray and 2 children, Mr and Mrs Paxton, Mr and Mrs Starr, Mr Galloway, Mr Lancashire, F R Hogg, Capt H Pratt, Captain and Mrs Carver and child, C Von Buch, Mr and Mrs Tuttle, R G Canning, A Eadie, A Lindsay, Lieut Jerram, R.N., Lieut Cuddy, R.N., W P Ure, Mr and Mrs J Ure, Miss Ure, Mr Wetherman, Dr J S Rice, Major and Mrs Howey, Messrs R and A McKechnie, F Walker, T Peacock, Dr Leger Erson, N Harker, W Nicholson, C J Hutchinson, Mrs Morrison and 2 children, Robert Bealey, J T M Hayhurst, H F Wigram, C P Hayward, J Elder, Miss J Elder, Dr Simms, Miss Simms, Mr Kenworthy, W Taylor, and 83 in the steerage.

The pitiful condition of the labor market in Austria is shown by a strike of blacksmiths and farriers, which has just been begun at Pesth. The strikers demand only that they shall be allowed to rest on Sundays, that twelve hours shall constitute a day's work, and their pay shall be seven florins (\$2.81) a week. At present they are required to work fourteen hours a day, and half time on Sunday, and receive as wages only about thirty-six cents per day.